THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 81, VOL. 8.] NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 28, 1868 [PRICE 1s. or 25 cts.

This JOURNAL is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," 244, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1868.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The news from Europe is to the 21st inst. Perhaps the most interesting feature of it is that which relates to the elections. According to the *Times* the returns, as far as in, give the Liberals 310 and the Conservatives only 168. This, of course, ensures the success of the former party. The Liberals carried Edinburgh, Glasgow, Birmingham, Bristol, Sheffield, and three out of the four seats for London, the fourth seat not declared. Roebuck was defeated in Sheffield. Edmond Beales has been defeated. Bull Run Russel has been defeated. Lord Stanley is elected for Lynn. It was understood that if Gladstone was elected for South-west Lancashire, the Liberals would run Mill in Greenwich, where he will be certain of election. Serious riots occurred at various places. At Sligo there were formidable outbreaks. Ten houses were sacked by the mob, and other damage was done. In Ripley, Derbyshire, a sharp fight occurred; many persons were injured. At Birmingham, Manchester and other places riots occurred. At Bolton there was a serious affray, and many persons were wounded. The Riot Act was read and the troops called out. At Belfast the election had been postponed on account of the riots. Troops occupied the town, and much damage had been done by the roughs. The Tory Committee-rooms were demolished, the inns sacked and the liquor drank or thrown into the streets. Violent riots took place at Drogheda during the election. The troops were called out and fired on the mob; one rioter was killed and several wounded. The citizens of Sheffield propose a popular testimonial in honor of Roebuck, the defeated candidate for that city. Reverdy Johnson has accepted an invitation to dine with the London Workingmen's Society, on the 28th. On the 19th, the co-operative authorities of Brighton presented Reverdy Johnson with an address. In Responding, he gave a detailed account of his negotiations with the British Foreign Office. From what he let fall concerning the terms of the Convention for the settlement of the Alabama claims, it appears the majority of the Commissioners are to decide upon the individual claims, in case the board should select an umpire. It was announced on the 21st that Lord Stanley had acceded to the modification of the Alabama settlement, which permits the Commission to sit at Washington. Mr Burlingham and other members of the Chinese Embassy were, on the 20th, taken in a special train from London to Windsor, and conveyed to the Castle in the Queen's carriages, and formally presented to the Queen by Lord Stanley. John Jackson, Bishop of Lincoln, has been promoted to the See of London. Archdeacon Wadsworth has been appointed Bishop of London. The British war vessel Rattler was lost near the Island of Soy, on Sept. 24th. Despatches from Bombay state that the war in Northern India is ended. The boat race for the Championship of the Thames, between Ransforth and Kelly, was won by the former. A letter is published from Garibaldi, urging Spain to chose a dictator for two years and then establish a Republic. Mount Vesuvius is in a violent state of eruption. The Czar has issued an order in virtue of which nine-tenths of the drinking saloons now existing in the Russian Empire will be suppressed. Letters from Madrid report great agitation throughout Spain. It was reported that the Spanish Republic had been proclaimed; but later advices give a rumor to the effect that Prim is negotiating with the Prince of the Austrias, with the view of making the Prince King of Spain, and himself Regent. Switzerland, Austria, and Norway have recognized the Spanish Government under the conviction that it will receive the sanction of the Cortez. Instructions have been issued throughout France to suppress all public manifestations in regard to the *coup d'etat* of December 2d. One newspaper has been seized and suspended, and prosecutions against several others have been instituted, for alledged violation of the press law. The Prussian Diet has adopted a resolution in favor of the entire freedom of debate. The resolution has been approved by the Crown.

Eastern States news is of even date. Marshall Murty has informed the Government that the Cuban filibusters have made extensive arrangements in New York, with reinforcements in all the other large cities. He says there is danger of their getting away from New Orleans unless they are watched; they have plenty of money, and are purchasing arms and ammunition quite freely. Seward denies the truth of the statement about the British Government having agreed to withdraw from San Juan Island. Gen Halleck, in his Report to the War Department, recommends the establishment of military posts in the vicinity of the largest rivers in Alaska, as preventative of war and the keeping of vessels of war in those waters. A Territorial Government he regards as useless. Admiral Farragut has been detached from the command of the European Squadron, and is placed on "waiting orders."

The news from California is of a bloody character. A fearful riot had occured on the Plains, at the present terminus of the Union Pacific Railroad, 85 miles east of Salt Lake. The recent action of the Vigilance Committee, in hanging certain desperadoes and ordering others to leave the town, resulted in a riot, on the morning of the 20th, among the graders working on the railroad. A mob of graders 200 strong attacked the town, burned the jail and the office of the *Frontier Index* newspaper. The citizens armed themselves, and while the mob were shouting and whooping over the jail, the citizens fired into them, killing eleven and wounding fifteen; the others retreated to the mountains, but again attacked the town at midnight, and were again repulsed with the loss of two killed and a number wounded. The town is under martial law, and the troops are on the way from Fort Bridger. A report reached San Francisco on the 19th to the effect that the ship Hellespont, from Australia, went ashore at Half-Moon Bay and broke up immediately. Eleven men including the Captain were missing, and were supposed to be lost, but the arrival of six of the crew on the following day, disproved the supposition. The mate lay dangerously ill from bruises received in getting ashore.

Canadian dates are to the 21st. A serious financial panic prevailed in the Maritime Provinces. Notes of the Falmouth (Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island) Bank were refused, while the St. Stephens' notes were at 35 p cent. discount. The chances of these banks resuming payment were considered remote.

THE insurgents in Madrid have put notices on the Palace, "This house to let."

New Advertisements.

CHAMPAGNE,

NAPOLEON'S CABINET

.....AND.....

BOUCHE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED

Messrs. Grelley & Fiterre

OF VICTORIA

Our Sole Agents

For Vancouver Island and British Columbia, of our above named Wines.

BOUCHE, FILS & CO.
at Mareuil-sur Ay,
Champagne, France
se22

A. W. PIPER,

CONFECTIONER,

Government Street, Victoria

B. C.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES,

TARIFF OR NO TARIFF!

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.

Victoria, July 23d 1868. tc

BARNARD'S STAGES.

BARKERVILLE

TO

YALE IN

5 DAYS,

TO VICTORIA

ON THE

8th DAY.

Our Offices from Cariboo to Victoria are provided with Fire and Burglar-proof Safes, and our Patrons have the use of them free of charge.

For rates of passage, etc., apply to

R. POOL,
Agent, Cariboo.
se30tc

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that any person or persons cutting timber or otherwise trespassing upon Lot 200, Group 1, on the North Arm Road, about 9½ miles from New Westminster, will be prosecuted according to law.

THOMAS SNEYD,
Per WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Agent.
New Westminster, Nov. 12, 1868. 1y

New Advertisements.

BARNARD'S STAGES,

CARRYING MAILS, EXPRESS, AND PASSENGERS.

WILL LEAVE

YALE

EVERY MONDAY,

AT 6 A. M.,

and connect with steamer

ENTERPRISE

AT

SODA CREEK FOR QUESNELLE,

REACHING

BARKERVILLE

EVVRY

SATURDAY EVENING.

Fast freight contracted for at reasonable rates.

Passengers by this line must leave New Westminster by Saturday's steamer to make the connection.

F. J. BARNARD.

Office, Front Street, New Westminster.
ap8tc

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review, (Radical.)
The North British Review, (Free-Church.)
.....AND.....
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews	$ 4 00	per annum
For any two of the Reviews	7 00	.....
For any three of the Reviews	10 00	.....
For all four of the Reviews	12 00	.....
For Blackwood's Magazine	4 00	.....
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00	.....
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews	10 00	.....
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13 00	.....
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15 00	.....

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Subscribers should prepay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The POSTAGE to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers, by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1 50 a year for each or any Review; also, *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for $2 50 a year, or the two years together for $4 00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,

140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.
81yj 1868. 1y

Are You Insured?

If not, apply to

CUNNINGHAM Bros.
fy22tc

New Advertisements.

S.T-1860-X.

A great French Physician says: "More than half the disease in the world comes from neglect to fortify the system against changes of climate, weather and food. The great secret of health is to keep the condition of the Stomach and Blood regular and uniform, so that changes from Heat to Cold, from Dry to Damp, etc., cannot upset the machinery of the Body, and breed disease."

Now, it is a fact, positive and well known, that there is no such bulwark and assistant for the Stomach as

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This splendid Tonic is now used by all classes of people for every symptom of a "Stomach out of order."

The secret of it is this: Plantation Bitters are certain to correct the juices of the Stomach, set all its machinery at work, and enable it to resist and throw off the approaching danger. The tendency of the operations of Nature is always towards a cure; all she needs is a little assistance at the proper time. How much more reasonable and sensible it is to help her along with a gentle yet powerful Tonic, than to deluge and weaken and defeat her curative processes with poisonous drugs and fiery mixtures which only stupify and plant the seeds of disease and death.

Important Certificates.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Phil., Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CAYSORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted Nature's great restorer.

The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the PLANTATION BITTERS be departed from.

Every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Any person pretending to sell PLANTATION BITTERS *in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and imposter. Beware of refilled bottles. See that our Private Stamp is* UNMUTILATED *over every cork.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the world.

P. H. Drake & Co NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Redington & Co., 416 and 418 Front St. San Francisco.

Agents for California and Nevada.

FLEAS.

LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER is sure and certain death to everything of the Insect species—Fleas, Roaches, Mosquitos, Ants, Bugs.

IT KILLS INSTANTLY.

What is peculiarly surprising in regard to this article is, that notwithstanding its instant death to insects, it is perfectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals. It can be inhaled or eaten with impunity. It bears the testimony of eminent disinterested chemists that it is

FREE FROM POISON.

No article has ever given such posivive satisfaction in its use.

Its reputation is well known. It is easily and readily used—Directions accompany each flask. Beware of counterfeits.

The genuine has the signature if E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and dealers on Pacific Coast.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

It is an admitted fact that the Mexican Mustang Liniment performs more cures in shorter time, on man and beast, than any article ever discovered.

No compound ha ever been invented so useful and efficacious in curing

RHEUMATISM, STIFF & WEAK JOINTS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, SORE THROAT, BURNS, EAR ACHE, FRESH CUTS OR WOUNDS, SWELLINGS,

Or any other complaints requiring external application.

FOR HORSES.

It is an indispensable and valuable remedy in all cases of Spavin, Splint, Ring-bone, Wind-galls, Bruises, Strains, &c.

It should be kept in every house, camp and stable. Accidents will occur. Promptness is efficacy.

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. Stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. over the top.

An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. LOOK CLOSELY!

Sold by all Druggists and Stores in every town and mining camp on the Pacific coast.
jy8 1y

FRENCH'S

FISH MARKET

Front street, New Westminster.

IN the above Market will always be found in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

☞ Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.
New Westminster, July 5 1864. jy6 tc

New. Advertisements.

BURRARD INLET

STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a daily line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet.

The Stages will start from the

ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY MORNING,

.....AT.....

TEN O'CLOCK,

Returning the same day, leaving Brighton at 3 o'clock, p. m.

FARE, $1 EACH WAY.

oc12 tc W. R. LEWIS.

OLD COTTAGE BAKERY,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

W. HARVEY.

FANCY: BREAD AND BISCUIT

BAKER,

CORNER OF BEGBIE AND COLUMBIA STREETS.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

N. B.—Pies, Cakes and Genuine Brown Bread always on hand

my6tc

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THAT property known as Woodcock's Wharf and Mills, consisting of Two Buildings fronting on Richard street, a wharf 66x200ft., upon which are built warehouses, freight-sheds and a "piggery" capable of containing 200 hogs.

This property enjoys a free water-privilege with sufficient depth for shipping to lie alongside the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be sold or leased upon the most reasonable terms

Apply to

WM. CLARKSON.
NeW westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

To all whom it may concern.

THE undersigned, in charge of the School at Langley, will be prepared to take a limited number of boarding Scholars, on and after the First of April next. The Terms will be Fifteen Dollars monthly in advance, which will pay for Board, Washing and Tuition; but Books, Bed, Bedding, and whatever Toilet necessaries, must be furnished by the pupil. Every attention will be paid to the Intellectual, Moral and Physical advancement of those who may be entrusted to our care.

JAMES KENNEDY.
Langley, B. C., January 25, 1868. tc

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong train of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity of freight on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freighting to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDY & Co.
Yale, December 9th, 1867 tc

CAUTION.

I HEREBY ward all persons against crediting any member of my family on my account as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by them after this date.

JONATHAN ELLIOTT.
New Westminster, October 9th, 1868. 2m

This Journal is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Columbia Street, New Westminster, by JOHN ROBSON, Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year.....$7 50
For six months.....$4 50
For three months.....$2 50
Single copies.....25cts.

Payable invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, $2 first insertion, and 50 cents each subsequent insertion. Over 2 inches, $1 per inch for first insertion, and 25 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements, in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and charged for accordingly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY

Colonial Hotel—Grelley & Arnaud.
Auction Sale.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1868.

SMALLPOX.—ITS DISSEMINATION.

The man, or brute, who vends immoral or obscene prints is severely punished. The man who wantonly or thoughtlessly kindles a fire, under circumstances which render the destruction of other people's property probable, is held responsible for consequences. The man who exposes poisoned meat, or any dangerous or deadly thing, so as to endanger the life of man or beast is liable to severe pains and penalties. Legislation has been carefully directed towards preventing the dissemination of infectious diseases. Thus to unlawfully or injuriously carry a person infected with smallpox along a public highway, in which persons are passing, and near the habitations of the King's subjects is an indictable offence, punishable by severe penalties. Thus, according to 6th George IV., section 9th, Masters of vessels are required to hoist certain signals when any plague or infectious disease is on board, under a penalty of £100. Epidemic smallpox has existed for many weeks at Victoria. Breaking out in the first instance, among the Indians, they were *driven away*, to carry the disease up the coast amongst the various tribes, or into the interior, to decimate whites or natives as the case might be. No systematic or organized measures were taken for *checking* the disease, the sole aim being, apparently, to thrust it away, caring little as to the consequences beyond their own locality. As might have been expected, hundreds, probably thousands, of Indians have fallen victims along the coast. The disease was, by this heartless, selfish, one might also say *wicked*, policy, transmitted to this section of the Colony, and had it not been for the vigilance of our local authorities, the consequences might have been very serious; although New Westminster, with its excellent drainage, healthy climate and good water can never present such a tempting field for epidemic disease as Victoria. Up to the present time the disease has been altogether confined to the Indians; and, amongst them, considerably less than a dozen of cases have occurred. In their praiseworthy endeavors to prevent, as far as possible, the introduction of the disease into this community from Victoria, the Board of Health have had some very trying and disagreeable duties to discharge. One of these occurred last week. An Indian, ill with the smallpox, was allowed to land from the steamer Fly, on Thursday, and walk at large through our streets in his blanket, without the slightest precautionary measures being taken by the Master of the vessel which brought him here. The Board of health had the victim promptly sent to the Hospital, where he received medical treatment and attendance; but it was too late to be of any avail, and he died on Sunday, and was buried, and there was an end of the matter as far as he was concerned. Not so, however, with the Master of the vessel. The Chairman of the Board of Health laid an information and the Master appeared before the Magistrate's Court on Saturday, and was adjudged to pay $50 towards meeting the expenses thus thoughtlessly inflicted upon this community. We say *thoughtlessly*, because no one who knows Capt. Frain would think of attributing the act to anything worse than thoughtlessness. Everyone, and no one more than the prosecutor in the case, felt regret that it was necessary, acting in the public interest, to put Capt. Frain to the inconvenience and expense consequent upon the proceeding. But the case was a serious one, viewed in the light of possible consequence, and it was necessary to inflict a penalty, more as a warning to others than a punishment to him. In inflicting so light a penalty the Magistrates proved their desire to deal leniently. Capt. Frain paid the amount, had his vessel fumigated to the satisfaction of the authorities, and was permitted to proceed up the river to his destination. It is hoped that sufficient has been done in this case to teach Masters of vessels plying in these waters that they will not be permitted with impunity knowingly be to the medium of disseminating the smallpox in this Colony.

GOLD ASSAY—LARGE YIELD.

The members of the Hocking Co. on Mosquito Creek, arrived in this city on Monday. They took 1149 .90 ounces of gold dust to the Government Assay Office, from which seven very handsome bars were obtained. The dust proved to be 913 fine, and the average yield of the lot was at the rate of $18 27 to the ounce of dust. We leave our readers, and especially those of them most interested—the miners—to calculate for themselves the advantage of having the gold assayed at the Government Office, and selling their ingots at the best market, rather than dispose of the dust for $16 75 an ounce, in Cariboo. The members of the Hocking Co. have doubtless figured the result, and satisfied themselves as to how much they have gained by the transaction. Over $22,000, worth of gold dust was melted and assayed at the Government Assay Office on Tuesday last, and about $10,000 worth more yesterday.

DROWNED.—As a canoe, with passengers from Yale, was passing Sumass, on Tuesday, it struck a snag, the weather being foggy. Two squaws jumped onto the snag, to which they clung and were saved. But a male passenger, named Westhrope, following their example, fell in and, being swept away by the current, was drowned. Those who remained in the canoe were quite unharmed. It is surprising how foolishly some persons will act in such cases. In nine cases out of ten, to remain quietly in the canoe in such an emergency, is the safest plan.

A London letter writer says: "My friend Smith, hitherto an excellent fellow, dined the other night with a Duke. Yesterday, when I met him, he adopted a tone which nearly froze me to the marrow, until, by a singular stroke of good fortune, a noble Earl of my acquaintance passed me on the opposite side of the street, and nodded to me, by which merciful chance I was immediately restored to Smith's favour.

BADLY SCALDED.—The injuries to two persons, resulting from the accident on the Sea Foam, at Brighton, were rather more serious than we were at first led to suppose. One of the passengers was so badly scalded as to render his removal to the Hospital necessary; while Mrs. Bloomfield's little girl was severly, though not fatally, injured.

CURE FOR TOOTH-ACHE.—At a recen meeting of the London Medical Society, Dr. Black, a distinguished practitioner, said that he was able to cure the most desperate case of tooth-ache unless the disease was connected with rheumatism, by the application of the following remedy: Alum, reduced to an impalpable powder, two drachms; nitrous spirits of ether, seven drachms; mix and apply to the tooth.

FIRE BY AUTHORITY.—On Monday last the Board of Health ordered the Smallpox Hospital to be burned, and it was burned accordingly. The reason why:—It was considered to be too much in town, and dangerous to the public health.

LOCAL.—Snook says our two principal stores are like his wife's tongue—they turn everything out of doors in the morning, and keep going *rather* too late at night.

There is a tract society in Stirling, Scotland, consisting of one man: within 20 years he has circulated about 50,000,000 of tracts.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALE.

ON MONDAY, the 7th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, I will sell by Public Auction, a variety of

Miscellaneous Articles.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Auctioneer.

As this will be the last Miscellaneous Sale for some time, Parties desirous of disposing of articles are requested to take advantage of it. td

COLONIAL HOTEL,
.....AND.....
RESTAURANT,
New Westminster, B. C.
GRELLEY & ARNAUD
PROPRIETORS.
A SPLENDID
BILLIARD SALOON,
ATTACHED.
THE BARS
are well stocked with the choicest brands of
WINES, ALES, SPIRITS, AND CIGARS.
New Westminster, Nov. 27th, 1868. tc.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY.

DAVID WITHROW

BEGS to announce to the public that he has opened a PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, where

LIKENESSES,
.....AND.....
Scenic Pictures

can be had, in Any Style, and with all the Latest Improvements of the Art.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS.

DAVID WITHROW

CONTINUES to carry on the Furniture and Upholstering business in all its branches.

On hand a good assortment of DOORS, WINDOW-SASH, and WINDOW-GLASS, of all sizes, WALL PAPER, PICTURES, CHINESE FANCY-WORK, WILLOW-WARE, &c.
Columbia St., New Westminster.
November 20th, 1868. tc

RECEIVED
EX "JOHN L. STEPHENS,"
FROM
San Francisco,
THE FINEST SELECTION OF
CLOTHING
ever imported to this city.
CONSISTING OF:
BEAVER SUITS,
CASSIMIER SUITS,
SILK MIXTURES,
PANTS & VESTS,
MEN'S BOOTS, a Splendid Variety,
YOUTHS' & CHILDREN'S do.

Also to arrive ex "Mary Roberts," a further selection of General Merchandise. Particulars hereafter.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM.

FOR SALE.

AN excellent Farm on the Pitt River Road, within 2½ miles of the city, comprising 50 acres of excellent prairie land, covered with good grass.
Terms most liberal. For particulars apply
WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 31st 1867. jultc

New Advertisements.

1868.
CLOTHING EMPORIUM.
CLUTE & CLARKSON,
IMPORTERS & GENERAL DEALERS.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

THEIR STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER
DRESS GOODS
HAVE ARRIVED
and consist in part of
Gala Plaids, Union Plaids, Plain and Fancy Lustres, Russell Cords, Repps, Grassettes, Merinos, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Vetternos, Thibets, Delaines, Taffetas, Cachmeres, &c., &c.

100 Pieces of Linseys or Winceys just to suit this market, from 2 bits to $1 a yard.

Trimmings of every Hue and Description,
Buttons in endless variety.
Gloves and Hosiery by the gross.
Hats, Feathers, Ribbons and Flowers, a wholesale Stock,
Ladies' Undrclothing of every description,
Prints, Grey Cottons, Drillings, Sheetings, Shirtings, Towellings, Skirtings, Linings, Tickings, &c.
In fact everything in the Staple and Fancy Goods Line, and at such low prices—to examine is to buy.

Men's Clothing of every description.
Boys' " " "
Hats, Caps, Collars, Ties, &c., &c.

34 Dozen Baltic Shirts bought for less than "English Cost", and will be sold proportionally Cheap.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
Best Brands of Flour,
U. S. Congou, Hyson, Japan, and K.U.S. TEAS.
Best Brands of Tobacco,
Sugar of all kinds, very low,
Carolina Rice, Golden Syrups, Raisins, Figs, Currants, Spices, &c., &c.
OREGON LARD,
Fresh Butter from "CHADSEY'S," Sumass, constantly on hand.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
An endless variety of Men's Women's, Children's, Boy's and Misses', constantly on hand.
2¼, 3, 3½, and 4 point BLANKETS, in White, Blue, Grey, Green and Scarlet.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,
NEWSPAPERS,
PERIODICALS.
&c., &c., &c.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.
BLANK BOOKS, &c., &c.

A large Stock of English and American
Hardware.
TINWARE of every description manufactured on the premises, by a first class workman. All work guaranteed.

Just received a superior lot of Parlor, Box and Cooking Stoves of all sizes and kinds.

Stove Pipe made and sold at 50cents per length of 2 feet (of the best sheet iron.) GRINDSTONES 5cts.

All Goods marked in plain figures, and no deviation from the price marked will be made; consequently we hope to avoid accidents.
J. S. CLUTE. G. C. CLARKSON.
oc17tc

New Advertisements.

SCOTCH HOUSE,
VICTORIA.

A. McLEAN & Co.,

ARE just opening a very choice assortment of Winter Clothing, received by last Express, direct from England, consisting of:—

Beaver Suits,
TWEED SUITS,
Hosiery,
UNDER CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps,
BALTIC & WHITE SHIRTS,
Water-proof coats,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,

A Splendid Stock of
WINTER GLOVES,

Men's Suits, $10 to 30.

BOYS' CLOTHING AND UNDERCLOTHING.

We receive additions to our Stock by every Steamer, and the above will be sold cheap for cash, to make room for other shipments on the way.
oc10tc

DISSOLUTION OF
CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting under the name and style of ALWAY & BAILEY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
All bills, receivable or payble, must be handed into Mr. B. BAILEY only for settlement.
J. ALWAY,
B. BAILEY.
Witness, W. H. WARD.
Yale, October 28th 1868. oc31 1m

CLINTON HOTEL,
CLINTON CITY,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the
CLINTON HOTEL
property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.
Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.
They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.
J. SMITH & Co.
Clinton, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

A. BARLOW,
YALE, B. C.
MERCHANT AND
GENERAL AGENT.
ALL KINDS OF COLONIAL AND OTHER
PRODUCE
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON
COMMISSION,
BILLS COLLECTED,
and a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS
transacted
mall tc

New Advertisements.

CUNNINGHAM'S COL'N.

JUST OPENED.

All Wool Plaids, French Merinos,
Alpaca, Cord, Royal, Fancy Reps
Balmoral Skirts and Skirting,
Delaines, Shepherds Check and Fancy Linseys, Camlets, Flannels, Long Clothes,
Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hosiery,
Ladies' Gloves, Fancy Bugle and other Trimmings,
Woollen Shawls, Hoods and Comforters,
Prints, Lambs' Wool Underclothing,
Men's Clothing, Youths' Suits,
Boots and Shoes, English Water Tights
2¼, 3¼ and 4 Point Blankets,
Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags,
Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives and Scissors,
Cut Wines, Tumblers, Beer Glasses,
Camp Ovens,
Curtis & Harvey's Diamond Grain Powder,
Currants and Raisins,
Arnold's Office Inks,
Letter and Note Paper and Envelopes,
Japan Tea, Breakfast Congou,
Heywood's Breakfast Bacon.

TINWARE.

AT THE
OLD TIN SHOP
ON
COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.
Are constantly kept
Family Double and Single Oven Cooking Stoves,
Parlor, Bar-Room, and Shop Heating Stoves,
Ready made Boilers,
Tea-Kettles, Saucepans, Camp-Kettles, Dippers, Stove backs, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Sheet Lead, Solder, Tin Plate, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

A LOT OF SECOND HAND STOVES, for Sale Cheap.

A few nice
American Parlor Grates.

STOVE PIPES made and sold at 50cts. per length of 2 feet, (of the best Sheet Iron.)

All kinds of Tinware made.
All kinds of Jobbing done and guaranteed to give satisfaction both in quality and price.

HARDWARE of every variety.

NAILS, a large stock, at $7 25 per Keg
at JAMES CUNNINGHAM'S
New Brick Store.

☞ A Discount of 10 p cent. allowed to all clergymen.
at JAMES CUNNINGHAM'S
New Brick Store.
oc12tc

The British Columbian

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1868.

CANADIAN MAIL SUMMARY.

By some strange freak of the m service, our last Canadian files o bring us to the 5th October, althou by the previous mail we had files the Toronto *Globe* as late as the 16 being eleven days later! Under the circumstances our present summa will not be expected to possess ve much interest. Yet the fact of Co federation looming up in the distan has give Canadian news an intere out here it did not possess before and we shall, therefore, endeavour throw together such items of new as will, we think, make even the pre ent summary readable, if not interes ing. On the Saturday following th conviction of Whelan the Grand Jur brought in the following bills:—Pa rick Buckley, charged with abettin counselling, and commanding Pa rick James Whelan to murder Thom D'Arcy McGee—A true bill. Jo Doyle, charged with aiding, abettin counselling, and commanding Pa rick James Whelan to murder Thom D'Arcy McGee—A true bill Th prisoners were then brought from th gaol. On their appearance in Cou it was observed that Buckley appea ed much paler than usual. Doyle w less altered. Buckley was then a raigned on the indictment chargi him with being accessory to the mu der of the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy M Gee, and on being asked, "What sa you, Patrick Buckley; are you guil or not guilty?" called Heaven to w ness that he was not guilty; that th hon. gentleman was his best, his b som friend; and it was a sin and shame to attempt to mix him up his murder. He was then asked he was ready for his trial? He he tated a moment, and then answere "Yes, my Lord; I am ready for an thing." He was very much agitat and wept. He mentioned Mr. Ca cron's name, but did not say wheth or not that gentleman was to defe him. John Doyle was then called and arraigned on a similar indictme He repudiated the idea that he, a m who had shed blood in defence of l country, should be implicated in foul a crime, and said, in the wor used by Buckley, that he was rea for anything; but joined in denou ing the murderer, who, they said, served to be hanged and quarte His Lordship said he was not aw whether or not the Crown was rea to proceed with their trials. It w announced that Lord Monck had sented to the recommendation th Egleson, Slattery, and others, h for trial in connection with the McG assassination, should be admitted bail. It is stated that the execut of Whelan was fixed for so remot period to enable a bill to be pas authorizing capital punishment to conducted privately. The House Bishops have adopted a petition the Governor-General, praying the establishment of an inebriate ylum for the Dominion. The petit was sent down to the Synod, and adopted unanimously by that bo The Board of Commissioners for Intercolonial Railroad had been fi by the appointment of Mr. Walsh Ontario and Mr. Brydges for Que Both of these appointments are verely condemned by the *Globe*. despatch to Lord Monck, the Duk Buckingham approves the selectio the Robinson, or Chaleur, route, remarks that, "The route crossing St. John River either at Woodst or Fredericton is one to which the sent of Her Majesty's Governm could not have been given. The jections on military grounds to line on the south side of the St. J River are insuperable." The accuses the Duke of framing the spatch with a view to backing up Dominion Cabinet in a selectio which local popular opinion is str ly opposed. It is stated that the va Scotia and New Brunswick tions of the road will cost $150,0 mile, much of the work being heavy. Senator Aikens had left tawa; and it was reported that declined to enter the Cabinet, u another Reformer was taken in.

The British Columbian.

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By some strange freak of the mail service, our last Canadian files only bring us to the 5th October, although by the previous mail we had files of the Toronto *Globe* as late as the 16th, being eleven days later! Under these circumstances our present summary will not be expected to possess very much interest. Yet the fact of Confederation looming up in the distance has give Canadian news an interest out here it did not possess before; and we shall, therefore, endeavour to throw together such items of news as will, we think, make even the present summary readable, if not interesting. On the Saturday following the conviction of Whelan the Grand Jury brought in the following bills:—Patrick Buckley, charged with abetting, counselling, and commanding Patrick James Whelan to murder Thomas D'Arcy McGee—A true bill. John Doyle, charged with aiding, abetting, counselling, and commanding Patrick James Whelan to murder Thomas D'Arcy McGee—A true bill. The prisoners were then brought from the gaol. On their appearance in Court it was observed that Buckley appeared much paler than usual. Doyle was less altered. Buckley was then arraigned on the indictment charging him with being accessory to the murder of the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, and on being asked, "What say you, Patrick Buckley; are you guilty or not guilty?" called Heaven to witness that he was not guilty; that the hon. gentleman was his best, his bosom friend; and it was a sin and a shame to attempt to mix him up in his murder. He was then asked if he was ready for his trial? He hesitated a moment, and then answered, "Yes, my Lord; I am ready for anything." He was very much agitated and wept. He mentioned Mr. Cameron's name, but did not say whether or not that gentleman was to defend him. John Doyle was then called up and arraigned on a similar indictment. He repudiated the idea that he, a man who had shed blood in defence of his country, should be implicated in so foul a crime, and said, in the words used by Buckley, that he was ready for anything; but joined in denouncing the murderer, who, they said, deserved to be hanged and quartered. His Lordship said he was not aware whether or not the Crown was ready to proceed with their trials. It was announced that Lord Monck had assented to the recommendation that Egleson, Slattery, and others, held for trial in connection with the McGee assassination, should be admitted to bail. It is stated that the execution of Whelan was fixed for so remote a period to enable a bill to be passed authorizing capital punishment to be conducted privately. The House of Bishops have adopted a petition to the Governor-General, praying for the establishment of an inebriate asylum for the Dominion. The petition was sent down to the Synod, and was adopted unanimously by that body. The Board of Commissioners for the Intercolonial Railroad had been filled by the appointment of Mr. Walsh for Ontario and Mr. Brydges for Quebec. Both of these appointments are severely condemned by the *Globe*. In a despatch to Lord Monck, the Duke of Buckingham approves the selection of the Robinson, or Chaleur, route, and remarks that, "The route crossing the St. John River either at Woodstock or Fredericton is one to which the assent of Her Majesty's Government could not have been given. The objections on military grounds to any line on the south side of the St. John River are insuperable." The *Globe* accuses the Duke of framing the despatch with a view to backing up the Dominion Cabinet in a selection to which local popular opinion is strongly opposed. It is stated that the Nova Scotia and New Brunswick sections of the road will cost $150,000 a mile, much of the work being very heavy. Senator Aikens had left Ottawa; and it was reported that he declined to enter the Cabinet, unless another Reformer was taken in with him, on the basis of the agreement of 1867. This Sir John A. McDonald is understood to have refused. The Delegation to England, in connection with the transfer of the Northwest, was to consist of Sir George E. Cartier, and Messrs. McDougell and Campbell. The *Globe* approves of the *personnel* of the Delegation, and hails the circumstance of Sir George being at the head of it as an indication of his hearty espousal of western extension, to which he was formerly so stoutly opposed. It is stated that these delegates go to England at the earnest request of the Imperial Government, to take part in the proposed discussions with the Hudson Bay Company, with reference to the present position of the North-West Territories. The report that the Hon. John Hillyard Cameron had resigned his position of Grand Master of the Orangemen of the Dominion, has received authoritative denial. Upon the occasion of the opening of the Intercolonial Coal Mining Company's Works, at Pictou, on the first October, the Hon. Joseph Howe made a speech, in the course of which he exonerated Canadians from all blame in the matter of Confederation; if any body was to blame it was the six Nova Scotians who had done the Province wrong. He exhorted the people to remember the hundred years of common history, of effort in the same direction, of one common struggle for free institutions. "Let us," said he, "remember the hundred years yet to come of closer agreement, union and friendship than had in the past existed—let us remember the hundred years in the future, and forget all about the one or two years of enstrangement and of strife."

ADDITIONAL.

Yesterday's steamer brought us Canadian files to the 24th October, having been delayed at Victoria post-office! The Secretaries of all the Provinces were to meet at Ottawa during the last days of October, for the purpose of having a conference with the Privy Council upon the important subjects of Colonization and Emigration. The house of a German family, two miles from Ottawa, was burned, and two children with it. It was understood that Sir John Young would arrive on or about the tenth of Nov. *Le Pays* announces a deficit in the Quebec Treasury of $162,000. Contributions were flowing in freely from all the Provinces for the Red River relief fund. There was no definite news respecting the Inverness (N. S.) Election. According to latest accounts seven Districts out of the seventeen had given McDonald a good majority. Sir George E. Cartier and the Hon. W. McDougall arrived in Liverpool on the 17th, after a passage of eight days. The indefatigable Miss Rye was to sail from Liverpool for Canada, on the 22d, with a further consignment of one hundred young women, mainly domestic servants. Mr. Angus Morrison, M. P., had declined the Collectorship of Toronto, and Mayor James E. Smith had been appointed. Lake Huron had been the scene of a severe storm and several wrecks.

James R. Hartley, M. P. P. for Carleton co. died at Fredericton on the 15th. He was one of the surveyors of the Intercolonial railroad, and was a young man of great promise.

AT HIS OLD TRICKS.

Our Jim Crow jumping contemporary of the *Colonist* is already harking back upon his Confederation track. We expected as much; we predicted as much. At the late election a considerable majority of the people of Victoria pronounced against Confederation and our versatile contemporary takes an early opportunity of slipping down upon the anti-Confederation side of the fence. The first marked indication of this change appeared in his leading article of Monday, wherein he says, "It is just here that we differ with the *Columbian* and the *News* and the leaders of the Confederation Party. They positively assert that with the system now in vogue it matters not who is Governor." Isn't that cool, coming from one who but yesterday aspired to be the champion of Confederation on the Pacific? But the assertion conveyed in the latter sentance of the above extract is utterly false, so far as this journal is concerned and, we believe, so far as the *News* is concerned also. We never asserted anything of the sort, but the very contrary. One of the principal grounds upon which we favoured the appointment of Mr. Birch, in the event of Mr. Seymour leaving, was that, under the present system, so much depended upon having a tried man who had little to learn about the Colony and its wants. The next time our contemporary jumps Jim Crow, we hope it will not be with a lie in his mouth.

FROM UP-RIVER.—The str. Onward Capt. Irving, returned from Harrisonmouth on Thursday night. She brought some hay and produce from the settlements, and a few passengers, chiefly from the mines, but she brought neither Cariboo nor Yale papers.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. Philip Hankin, formerly a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's Navy, and for some time Superintendent of the Victoria Police, has been appointed Colonial Secretary for British Columbia, *vice* Mr. Birch, resigned. Mr. Hankin will assume the functions of his new office about Christmas. We learn through private sources that the Hon. Mr. Birch is to be the successor of His Excellency Governor Seymour.

EUROPEAN MAIL SUMMARY.

Our English files are only to the 8th October. Lord Stanley was invited to stand for Edinburgh, but prudently declined, on the ground that it would be unwise for him to abandon a seat which is comparitively secure for one which offers a different prospect. The result of the Edinburgh election has fully demonstrated the correctness of his lordship's apprehensions. It is stated that President Johnson has informed Mr. Thornton, British Minister at Washington, and Mr. Reverdy Johnson, of his purpose to visit England soon after next March. An Apostolic letter from the Pope is published. It is addressed to all Protestants and other non-Catholic religious bodies, and his Holiness announces that, in his quality of universal pastor, he has convoked a General Council, and his Holiness prays earnestly at this time for their union with the Roman Catholic Church. The Pope concludes by exhorting them to profit by the occasion and by his prayers. While on this subject we may mention a paragraph which has recently gone the rounds of the press, in which it is asserted that Pope Pius IX. is a true mason. It is now said that the Emperer Napoleon is a canon of St John of Lateran, and that he will very probably, in virtue thereof, claim the right of being present at the approaching *Oecumenical* Council. Early in October Mr. R. N. Fowler, the treasurer of the Aborigines Protection Society, forwarded a memorial to the Prime Minister, offering some observations on the cession to Canada of the Hudson Bay Company's territory. The memorialists included Lord Ebury, Lord Alfred Churchill, Sir W. C. Trevelyan, Sir C. Young, Sir T. E. Buxton, M. P., and many others, comprising more than a dozen members of the House of Commons. They pointed out the duty as well as the expediency of extinguishing the native titles on equitable principles. The company, confining itself to the business of the fur trade, had neglected to settle this question, but great danger arose from its being allowed so long to remain open. Without distrusting the good faith of the statesmen or the people of Canada, and without asking Mr. Disraeli to take any fanatical or philanthropic view of the matter, the memorial suggested that, in transferring the ceded territories, stipulations should be made for the peaceful extinction of the native titles, and for setting apart a reserve for the civilization of Rupert's Land. In acknowledging the receipt of the document, Mr. Disraeli promises that he will not fail to give the subject his consideration. While the Viceroy of Egypt was visiting an illumination in a narrow street at Cairo, an attempt was made to assassinate him by dropping a steel ball, armed with sharp barbes, on his head. The ball fell against the carriage and the Viceroy escaped. The *British Medical Journal* regrets that the Queen's health has not undergone such marked improvement as was claimed by the *Lancet*. Her Majesty's health has been improved; but not, it is feared, to such an extent as will enable her to bear the fatigue and excitement of a lengthened residence in London, and of the continued receptions attendant thereon. While out shooting in the woods near Duncobin Castle, the seat of the Duke of Sutherland, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales received an injury, but we are not yet informed as to its nature or extent. The death of Count Walewski is announced, with extended comments, and is treated as a political event of the greatest importance. Count Walewski was the natural son of Napoleon I. by a Polish lady, who devoted herself most romantically to his love in his adverse as in his better fortune. The patriotism which roused the affection of the mother survived in the son. He was a Pole in heart, and fought for his country as long as there was any hope in the struggle. Then he availed himself of the patronage, first of the Duke of Orleans, afterwards of his own connections. His last office under the Empire was the Presidency of the Legislative Body, where he failed to exercise that tyrannical control which is considered to be a part of the State enginery in discouraging opposition. He was—below, but above, the office, and yielding it he passed into privacy, retaining, however, we believe, a seat in the Privy Council and the possible regency during the minority of Napoleon IV. He has held his own in difficult times, and passes from the stage with a reputation that may be envied by not a few who have not been too fortunate in escaping the taint of turgiversation or of servility.

☞ Amongst Atlantic Cables, steam navigation and those progressions of science and art that mark the nineteenth centuty, not the least useful, are Dr. Ayer's medicines. They take rank among the benefactions of mankind, from the rapidity and certainty with which they *cure*. Try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL on a cough and it is gone. What skin diseases or impurities of the blood withstand AYER'S SARSAPARILLA? AYER'S PILLS are the perfection of a purgative—every family should have them as almost every family does. Not a trifle to be thankful for are good medicines and the knowledge how to use them for protection from disease. These Dr. Ayer's preparations and publications furnish, and we do not hesitate to commend them.—St. Louis *Leader*.

VICTORIA ITEMS.—The contract for building a new bridge across James Bay has been given to Mr. Emery, for the sum of $3,800. Mr. A. E. B. Davie was, on Wednesday, admitted as an Attorney-at-Law.

THE TORONTO "GLOBE" comes to us greatly improved in appearance. It is printed with new type, on good paper, and all those unsightly cuts and placard looking advertisements, which formerly so much disfigured its columns, have been eliminated. All its advertisements are now set in small type and in a neat form, thus rendering nearly double the former space available for reading matter, and at the same time, greatly enlarging its advertising capacity. The steam presses formerly employed were found inadequate to meet the rapidly increasing demand upon them. Large additions have, therefore, been made to the formerly spacious premises, and one of Hoe & Co's celebrated lightning presses, capable of throwing off 8,000 sheets an hour, has been added to the printing machinery of the now immense establishment, from which is issued a morning edition, an evening edition and a weekly edition. We cordially congratulate our trans-continental contemporary upon his greatly improved appearance, and upon the well-deserved success with which his efforts in the cause of political and religious liberty and progress are being crowned.

ANNUAL PRIZE MATCH.—The annual prize match of the New Westminster Rifle Volunteers will come off to-day, weather permitting. Should the weather prove to be too unfavorable, then the match will come off on the first fine day, the same not being Sabbath or a holiday. The shooting will be at the Park Lane Butts, and will commence at 11 a.m. The match is a Company one only, and the following prizes will be shot for:—His Excellency Governor Seymour's Challenge Cup; held by Mr. Good. The Hon. A. M. Birch's Challenge Cup; held by Mr. J. C. Brown. A Ladies Purse. A Sweepstake. We understand the last prize will be open to all comers. There will be refreshments on the ground, and, should the weather be propitious, the occasion will doubtless be both pleasant and interesting.

THE "GOVERNMENT GAZETTE."—A letter from Commisioner O'Reilly, respecting the Kootenay mines is published, but it contains little beyond what has been already made known through these columns. It is chiefly important as confirmatory of what has been already published. It states that from crevices of the bedrock the Discovery Co. extracted $225 and the Downie Co. $157, 35, in two days. The Queen has assented to the Vancover Island Land Tax Ordinance, and the ammended Shipping Ordinance, but has refused assent to an Ordinance to give to Mortgagees certain powers.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.—The Enterprise arrived from Victoria on Tuesday, leaving again on the following morning. The Onward sailed for Harrisonmouth on Wednesday, returning on Thursday. She left again yesterday and would proceed as high as Yale, water permitting. The Enterprise returned from Victoria last evening, and will sail again at 8 this morning. The Isabel, having the Gem of the Ocean, in tow, arrived in the outer harbour on Thursday evening. Mr. Chas. Good was a passenger by her.

THE NEXT MAIL STEAMER.—The steamship Continental was announced to sail from San Francisco for Victoria direct, on Wednesday. She will be due to-morrow or Monday, so that we may expect our mails up by the next trip of the Enterprise.

THE female compositors of San Francisco have started a co-operative printing establishment with a lady manager, and advertise to do printing in all its branches.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius continued to increase in grandeur and violence, and many houses and farms in the vicinity were utterly destroyed. The market town of San George was considered to be in imminent danger. On the 21st Lord Justice Inglis was chosen Chancellor of the University of Edinburgh, over the Hon. W. E. Gladstone. At the Lancashire nomination, for member of Parliament, Mr. Gladstone was declared to have the show of hands. Attempts were made at Dublin to commemerate the hanging of Manchester Fenians, but it was thaught the authorities would prevent the demonstration.

California news is to the 24th but is unimportant. The steamship Continental cleared for Victoria, and the British barque Leonide, for Burrard Inlet. The British barque Knowsley sailed for Burrard Inlet. No further disturbances had occured amongst the squatters. The steamship Golden City was taken into Dry Dock for repairs. The improved condition of the Money Market has imparted firmness to mining stocks.

BIRTH.

At Sumass, B. C. on the 22d inst. the wife of Mr. William Chadsey, of a son.

DIED.

On the 17th of September at Sitka. Mr. Geo. Daniel Herring, aged 42 years and eight months. Deceased was the son of John and Mary Herring, now residing in this City. He came to California from Pittsburg, Pa. in 1850, and afterwards came to this Colony in 1859, and then emigrated to Sitka, where he died.

"Such, too, is life! In morning's prime,
When Youth and Hope are ours;
We bloom to-day,
Then pass away,
As passeth Summer flowers."

California and Pittsburg papers please copy.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Experience before Authority.—For nearly the third of a century have these remedies stood in the foremost rank for overcoming ulcers, sores, swellings, rashes, and all descriptions of skin diseases. At first the faculty denounced these medicaments, but the experience of sufferers soon overthrew all interested opposition. Those whom Holloway's Medicines had cured told other invalids the benefits they had derived from their use; these, in their turn, tried them, found equally satisfactory results, and thus are these admirable curatives used and prized throughout the habitable globe. The Ointment has always been applied with the most marked success in bad legs, erysipelas, varicose veins, swelled ankles, and numberless other infirmities, by which thousands around us are sorely oppressed.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED.

PER "JOHN L. STEPHENS."

828 prs. Boots and Shoes, assorted.

420 Men's, Boy's, and Children's Hats.

☞ To be sold at *very low prices*.

CLUTE & CLARKSON.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL,

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SENAY, PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS	$1 00
BEDS	75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day	3 50
do do per week	15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments.

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Room for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands o WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

SADDLERY

AND

HARNESS MAKING.

B. DOUGLAS begs to inform the Farmers and Teamsters of the Upper Country, that he is prepared to supply orders for any article in the Saddlery line. Harness of all kinds, of his own manufacture, always on hand.

A good supply of Whips, Blacksnake lashes Aparajos and other Leathers.

BEN. DOUGLAS.

Front Street, Yal, B. C. ap15tc

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

BOSTON BAR.

THE Public are advised that this long and favorably known Hotel has again come into the hands of its original proprietor,

ALEXANDER COUTLEE,

who will give the Establishment his personal supervision.

The travelling public may therefore depend on having their wants properly attended to.

ALEXANDER COUTLEE.

Boston Bar, April 11th, 1868. 3m

New Advertisements.

ALL OVER

The world people of sense and judgment have learned to use

PLANTATION BITTERS.

Dyspepsia, with its symptoms, Headache, Heartburn, Feverish Lips, Bad Breath, Sallow complexion, &c., can be cured by using PLANTATION BITTERS.

This is the most successful tonic of the age. Young, middle-aged and old, are delighted with its effects.

The first trial always has a marked good effect.

No change of diet is necessary. Eat all you wish, of the best and most nutritious food.

It is the greatest cure ever known for an overloaded and distressed stomach, which it relieves in a few moments.

We know that we have the best and most popular medicine in the world. We are not afraid to show what it is composed of.

PHYSICIANS ARE COMPELLED TO RECOMMEND IT.

CALISAYA BARK has been celebrated for over two hundred years, and was sold during the reign of Louis XVI, King of France, for the enormous price of its own weight in silver. It is remarkable for Dyspepsia, Fevers, Weakness, Constipation, &c.

CASCARILLA BARK.—For Diarrhœa, Colic, and diseases of the stomach and bowels.

DANDELION.—For inflammation of the Loins and Dropsical Affections.

CHAMOMILE FLOWERS.—For enfeebled digestion.

LAVENDER FLOWERS.—Aromatic, stimulant and tonic—highly invigorating in nervous debility.

WINTERGREEN.—For Scrofula, Rheumatism, &c.

ANISE—An aromatic carminative; creating flesh, muscle and milk; much used by mothers nursing.

Also clove-buds, orange, caraway, coriander, snakeroot, &c.

S.T-1860-X.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the mind, is yet unknown to the commerce of the world, and we withhold its name for the present.

With this recipe before the community, and evidences of effects meeting them on all side, the success of Dr. Drake stands founded upon the rock of truth. Almost every family has some case of suffering which the PLANTATION BITTERS will alleviate and cure.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. It is put up only in our log cabin bottle. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork unmutilated, and our signature on steel plate side label.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. Drake & Co., New York, Sole Proprietors.

Redington & Co., San Francisco. Agents for California and Nevada.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

The merits of this Liniment are well known. Its effects are instantaneous, soothing, and wonderful.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common, and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

READ THE FOLLOWING.

"I take pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches, or Galls on horses. Our men have used it for Burns, Bruises, Sores, Rheumatism, &c., and all say it acts like magic. J. W. HEWITT,
Foreman for Amer'n, Wells. Fargo's & Harnden's Express

"The sprain of my daughter's ankle, occasioned while skating last winter, was entirely cured in one week after she commenced using your celebrated Mustang Liniment." ED. SELLY.

Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 1, 1865.

Quick and sure it certainly is. All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co., over the top.

An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. LOOK CAREFULLY!

Sold by all Druggists and Stores, @ 25 & 50cts, and $1

LYON'S FLEA POWDER.

It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of fleas, ticks, bedbugs, roaches, &c.; that it is perfect poison to the insect tribe, but entirely harmless to the human species and domestic animals.

Bedbugs, Roaches, Ants, etc., are in every house. This Powder is their natural death. It should be in every cupboard.

JOHN L. ROME, Esq., Superintendent of the New York City Hospital, says: "* * * It is the only SURE article we have ever used."

NEW YORK HOTEL PROPIETORS say: "We have used

LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER

for exterminating insects and vermin, with entire satisfaction.

COLEMAN & STETSON, Astor House.
S. T. COZZENS, American Hotel.
ACKER & TREADWELL, St. Nicholas Hotel.
S. LELAND & CO., Metropolitan Hotel."

Testimony of this character might be added to any length. Wherever it is used it advertises itself.

The genuine has the signature of E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and general storekeepers in every town and mining camp on the Pacific Coast.

NOTICE.

AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & CO. are not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or for unavoidable detention, caused by breakage of bridges, road-slides, or any other contingency beyond their control, unless by special contract made in writing in respect of such goods at the time of shipment.

J. C. BEEDY & CO.

Yale, B. C. Dec. 3d, 1867. 1y

WANTED

A STEADY boy, from twelve to fifteen years of age, possessing a fair English education, as an apprentice to the Printing buisness.—Apply at the office of the BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NOTICE.

W. R. LEWIS begs to announce that he has this day sold all his right and interest in the teaming and cord-wood business, in favor of Mr. H. Elliot.

New Westminster, Nov. 6th, 1868. no7 tc

A SINGULAR CEREMONY.

The German journals, in announcing how the King of Prussia was to employ each day during his visit to Dresden, stated that, after a review, his Majesty was to attend a grand banquet in the ancient hall of the palace at Moritzburg, and they then add: King William will have to undergo a singular ceremony on this occasion. In the chateau there exists a cup made of a stag's skull, still adorned with the horns, and deep as an ancient Gothic vidrecome. This vessel is filled with champagne, and every guest has to empty it as adroitly as he can—a difficult task, however, in which many a drinker has failed. The King of Saxony, while the guests take their wine, takes notice of their address, and draws up a report of the trial in an antique register, which dates from the first days of the Saxon Monarchy. The most illustrious names figure in it, and that of Frederick the Great among others. The Germans were curious to know how the conqueror of Sadowa would extricate himself from the difficulty, and whether the misfortune would occur to him, as to many others, of spilling some of the contents on his glorious uniform.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS.—A writer who has been on a visit to the western provinces, after referring to the immense breweries of Toronto, says:—"Close by the lake as you stand at the door of the Queen's Hotel, you notice a large furniture factory. It is that of Jacques and Hay. It does an annual business of $300,000 and is able to send its products to the markets of Europe. Oil refinery, pork-packing, safe making, and sewing machine making, to the extent of from 100 to 120 weekly, gun and rifle making, manufactories of stained glass, a clock factory (for children's boots and shoes) making 1,000 pairs a week, eight or nine iron and brass foundries are all encountered in driving about the city. It is evident therefore, that Toronto, with its fine position on the lake, with its extensive railway connections, the political and commercial capital of the great wheat-growing province of Ontario, is at present in possession of the elements for extensive and profitable industrial enterprise, and has the prospect, with the opening up of the North-West and the extension of water connection with the great West generally, of becoming a city of very large population."

SOUTH AMERICA.—The soundings on the coast, since the last earthquake, are much shallower. Out of forty thousand souls, but four hundred survived the earthquake in Equador. In some of the smaller towns the earthquake closed up all the wells, and in the whole country the want of water is more or less felt. In many places the people are dying of thirst. The scene of the late earthquake is being deserted. Two curious incidents are related of the late convulsions. At Guerrero the earthquake opened up an entirely new chasm with a spring of clear water running at the bottom. At Moquequa a young lady was buried up to her waist in a freshly opened crevice. She had to be pulled out by force.

BULLET-PROOF CLOTH.—We hear of a perfectly flexible cloth which is said to be absolutely impenetrable to bullets. We have not yet seen the article, but are disposed to think that, though the bullet may not be able to get inside the cloth, broken bones and other consequences of a bullet-wound will. In our young days we remember that broadcloth was quite impervious to the bodily substance of the rattan, but we had proof positive that it admitted a very large amount of its most disagreeable properties. Though the schoolboy's armour may not be penetrated by the cane, he quickly becomes aware that something "awfully disgusting" has got inside.—*United States Gazette.*

DISTRESSING.—A girl who had become tired of single blessedness, wrote to her true swain as follows: "Deer Gim, cum rite off ef you air kummin at awl. Ed. Kollins is insistin that I shall have him, and he hugs and kisses me so continnerly that I can't hold out much longer but will have 2 have in."

New Advertisements.

AYER'S

MEDICINES.

THE peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known, and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: **King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses,** and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of *Sarsaparilla* in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of *Sarsaparilla*, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Fire—Imperial Insurance Co., London.

Life—City of Glasgow Assurance Company, Glasgow.

For Rates or Premium, apply to

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
Agent.

New Westminster, May 9th, 1868. rtc

New Advertisements.

ADDRESS

TO THE

NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED

WHOSE

SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN PROTRACTED,

AND WHOSE CASES

REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT TO RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

If you are suffering have suffered, what effect does it produce upon your general health?

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired?

Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart?

Does your liver, urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order?

Is your urine sometimes thick, milky or flocky, or is it ropy on settling?

Or does a thick scum rise to the top?

Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile?

Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia?

Are your bowels constipated?

Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head?

Is your memory impaired?

Is your mind constantly dwelling on this subject?

Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, or of life?

Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?

Does any little thing make you start or jump?

Is your sleep broken or restless?

Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant?

The bloom on your cheek as bright?

Do you enjoy society as well?

Do you pursue your business with the same energy?

Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia.

Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

NOW, READER,

DISEASES BADLY CURED, AND EXCESSES,

Are capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks, or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running into excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men, from badly-cured diseases and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other form of disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble never suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one?

Diseases of this sort require a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE

GREAT DIURETIC,

AND IS

A CERTAIN CURE FOR

Diseases of the Bladder,
Kidneys,
Gravel,
Dropsy,
Organic Weakness,
Female Complaints,
General Debility,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in male or female.

From whatever Cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

☞ If no treatment is submitted to, CONSUMPTION or INSANITY may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the heath and happiness, and that of posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT BUCHU,

ESTABLISHED UPWARDS OF 18 YEARS,

PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST, 594, Broadway, New York.
and 104 South Tenth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price $1 25 per bottle, or Six for $6 50.

DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS,
EVERYWHERE.

ju6 1y

New Advertisements.

Ayer's

SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases:

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Orford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome *humor* in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Sloat, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness,

are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,

when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S

CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and DR. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

JOHN S. DEAS,

MANUFACTURER & DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

AND TINWARE.

FRONT STREET YALE,

ma18tc B. C.

New Advertisments.

ADVICE GRATIS!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

To Purify The Blood.

These Pills have been placed by the common consent of mankind at the head of all remedies for removing obnoxious poisons from the blood, and cleansing all the tissues of the body. They have saved thousands year after year from falling a sacrifice to the effects of dyspepsia, dysentary, diarrhœa, constipation, liver complaints, &c., a fact attested by myriads of witnesses. Excessive weakness and debility, the warnings of decreasing organic energy and vital decay, are restored and reanimated with vigor and healthful action in every organ throughout the system, by the favorable and exhilirating influence of this medicine.

Female Complaints.

All disorders of the sex, and diseases in every crisis perilous to the life and health of woman, youthful or aged, married or single, may be radically and quickly cured without risk or trouble, by a few doses of these Pills, taken according to the printed directions.

Indigestion with languor and want of energy.

When taking these Pills, rub Holloway's celebrated Ointment over the pit of the stomach, and over the region of the liver, on the right side under the ribs, and you will at once experience a change for the better in your digestion, spirits, appetite, strength, and energy. The improvement, though it may be gradual, will be thorough and lasting.

DROPSY.

The efficacy of Holloway's Pills in dropsy is extraordinary. They act with such peculiar effect upon the system, that the fluids arising from this direful disease are imperceptibly carried off and prevented from any further accumulation. The sufferer regains a buoyancy of spirits and rejoices in a completely renovated constitution; but it is indispensably necessary that the Ointment should be most effectually rubbed into the complaining parts.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.

Those who suffer from bile and liver complaints should try the effects of this valuable remedy, a few doses of which will make the sufferer feel elastic and vigorous, removing all impurities, giving a healthy action to the liver; if bilious attacks be allowed to continue, serious casualties may ensue and the sufferer be consigned to a bed of sickness. In disorders of the kidneys, the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back, once or twice a day, and the Pills taken in unison, will cure any complaints arising from these organs.

Puffy,—Shortness of Breath with Weakness.

Very bad symptoms, which if not corrected, may tend to some serious disorders of the heart, or other vital organs. Eat moderately of solids, take six Pills nightly for some little time; take plenty of fresh air with moderate exercise, and the human machinery will be quickly restored to health and vigor. Try this but for three days only, and the result will be marvellous.

Complaints incident to Children.

All complaints of children may soon be cured if care be taken to purify their blood, correct the action of the liver, and cleanse the stomach and bowels: a few doses of these famous Pills will immediately have the desired effect, particularly if parents be careful in not allowing them to eat of things which they know would be injurious to themselves.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Scrofula, or King's Evil,
Asthma,	Fevers of all kinds,	Sore Throats,
Bilious Complaints,	Fits,	Stone and Gravel,
Blotches on the Skin,	Gout,	Secondary Symptoms,
Bowel Complaints,	Head-ache,	Tic Douloureaux,
Colics,	Indigestion,	Tumours,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation,	Ulcers,
Consumption,	Jaundice,	Venereal Affections,
Debility,	Liver Complaints,	Worms of all kinds,
Dropsy,	Lumbago,	Weakness from whatever cause,
Dysentery,	Piles,	&c., &c.
Erysipelas,	Rheumatism,	
	Retention of Urine,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Box.

_ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin disease will be speedily overcome. It acts not by repression, but repulsion. It enters the system as salt enters meat, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humours, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are so prepared as to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diptheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsey.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. The cures have been so remarkable, speedy and numerous, that these often fatal diseases are more easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In these complaints, the Ointment almost acts like a charm, providing it is very effectually rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, which it will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this marvellous unguent have never failed. Any old sore, wound or ulcer always yields to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fevers, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy.

The last named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always severe, and ever go from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's unrivalled Ointment and Pills the dropsical patient will ever find succour; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation and absorbent system, that the dropsical fluid vanishes; and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and this perseveringly done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; eschew the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the virulence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts twice or thrice a day, keeping them covered with linen rag spread with the same.

The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carriage the Pills should be obtained in the neighborhood of the sufferer, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs,	Chapped hands,	Scalds,
Bad Breasts,	Contracted and Stiff Joints,	Sore Nipples,
Burns,		Sore-throats,
Bunions,	Elephantiasis,	Skin-diseases,
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand-flies,	Fistulas,	Scurvy,
	Gout,	Sore-heads,
Coco-bay,	Glandular Swellings,	Tumors,
Chiego-foot,		Ulcers,
Corns (soft),	Lumbago,	Wounds,
Cancers,	Piles,	Yaws.
Chilblains,	Rheumatism,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.

_ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

Miscellaneous.

THE OCEAN RACE.—The 16,000 mile race between some of the finest clipper-ships in the world, with the new spring teas from China, has come off this year and was won by the new ship Spindrift, a ship of 899 tons burden, owned by Findlay & Co. of Glasgow. She carried a cargo of 1,306,836lbs of tea, and accomplished the voyage in a little more than ninety-four days.

THE NEW OATH.—The oath of allegience to be taken by members in the new Parliament is prescribed by the recent Act on "promissory oaths." It is beautifully short, and reads as follows:—"I do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, her heirs and successors, according to law, so help me God".

Wealthy men in the Western States are investing their money in immense farms. Commodore William F. Davidson, of St. Paul, has just bought 17,000 acres of land in Redwood county, Minnesota, which he proposes to devote to the cultivation of wheat.

English liberals are warned to look carefully at the record and principles of their candidates for Parliament. It is more than hinted that Mr. Disrach counts upon the formation of a third party in the House, with whose assistance he hopes to keeps office.

A printer, meddling with the verdict of a coroner's jury, struck out a comma, after the word 'appoplexy,' making it read thus—'Deceased came to his death by excessive drinking, producing appoplexy in the minds of the jury.'

AN ANCIENT TREE.—Longfellow lately visited the Temple in London. What struck him most was the old mulberry tree, still in full leaf, under whose grateful shade Henry VIII and his Anne were wont to sit.

"I'll teach you to play with pitch and toss! I'll flog you for an hour, I will." "Father," instantly replied the incorrigible, as he balanced a penny on his thumb and finger, "I'll toss you to make it two hours or nothing."

A man in telling about a wonderful parrot hanging in a cage from the window of a house which he often passed, said, "It cries 'stop thief' so naturally that every time I hear it I always stop."

'My friend,' said one man to another, 'I see your hair is getting quite gray.' 'Yes,' answered he, 'old father time has been sweeping up the years around me, and the dust settled on my head.'

NEW GOVERNOR FOR AUSTRALIA.—Sir Benjamine Chilley Campbell Pine has been gazetted Governor of Western Australia. He has had a colonial experience extending over 20 years

'No, Catharine,' said Patrick to his wife, 'you never catch a lie coming out of my mouth.' 'You may well say that,' replied Kate, 'they fly out so fast that nobody can catch 'em.'

A man in California has not worn a hat for twelve years. In 1856 he declared that he would not cover his head until General Fremont was elected President.

Napoleon the Third is about five feet four inches tall; his face is wizened and drawn, and all the photographs flatter him outrageously.

THAT'S WHAT'S THE MATTER.—"Tell the truth and shame the devil." I know lots of people who can shame the devil easy enuff, but t'other thing bothers 'em.

You had better ask for manners than money, said a finely-dressed gentleman to a beggar who asked for alms. I asked for what I thought you had most of, was the cutting reply.

BISHOPS FOR THE SERVICE.—A section of the English Press is advocating the appointment of a Bishop for each branch of the service—the army and the navy.

AN ODD ITEM.—An American exchange drily remarks, "New York has eighteen daily papers and Troy has a case of genuine Asietic cholera."

A Mormon elder was recently made very much of a parent. He was presented with nine boys and five girls the same morning.

Philadelphia is building a marble Methodist Church. It will have tower 230 feet high

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The British Columb

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1

THE GOVERNMENT ASSAY O

One of those periodical agi
for the removal of the Gover
Assay Office from its presen
which the closing months of t
year have for some time broug
them, appears to have again
In former times the cry was
olition or removal. Now it is
ed to the latter alternative. In
times the cry was a purely
one. Now it appears to have
a faint echo in Cariboo. Let
a little at the "situation." Du
two sessions of the Legislativ
cil of the United Colony, the
party, under the lead of Mr.
mos, put forward a determined
to abolish the institution und
sideration. Their last effort
direction was greatly neutrali
the fact that several well-signe
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table of the House. Mr. De
and his co-delegates from
went up to the Convention at
September last, apparently w
intention of wiping out every
institution located at New W
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number. In a "cut and dry"
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